

WHO/EORTC classification of cutaneous lymphomas*

Mature T-cell and NK-cell neoplasms	
Mycosis fungoides	9700/3
• Pagetoid reticulosis (localized disease)	
• Follicular, syringotropic, granulomatous variants	
• Granulomatous slack skin	
Sezary syndrome	9701/3
CD30+ T-cell lymphoproliferative disorders of the skin	
• Lymphomatoid papulosis	9718/1
• Primary cutaneous anaplastic large cell lymphoma	9718/3
Subcutaneous panniculitis-like T-cell lymphoma ²	9708/3
Primary cutaneous peripheral T-cell lymphoma	
• (PTL), unspecified	9709/3
Subtypes of PTL (provisional)	
• Primary cutaneous aggressive epidermotropic CD8-positive T-cell lymphoma	
• Cutaneous gamma/delta-positive T-cell lymphoma	
• Primary cutaneous CD4-positive small/medium-sized pleomorphic T-cell lymphoma	
Extranodal NK/T-cell lymphoma, nasal type	9719/3
• Hydroa vacciniformia-like lymphoma (variant)	
<i>Adult T-cell leukemia/lymphoma</i> ¹	9827/3
<i>Angioimmunoblastic T-cell lymphoma</i> ¹	9705/3
Mature B-Cell neoplasms	
Cutaneous marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (MALT-type)	9699/3
Cutaneous follicle centre lymphoma	9690/3
Cutaneous diffuse large B-cell lymphoma	9680/3
<i>Intravascular large B-cell lymphoma</i> ¹	9680/3
<i>Lymphomatoid granulomatosis</i> ¹	9766/1
<i>Chronic lymphocytic leukemia</i> ¹	9823/3
<i>Mantle cell lymphoma</i> ¹	9673/3
<i>Burkitt lymphoma</i> ¹	9687/3
Immature haematopoietic malignancies	
Blastic NK-cell lymphoma ³ / CD4+/CD56+ haematodermic neoplasm	9727/3
Precursor lymphoblastic leukemia/lymphoma	
• <i>T-lymphoblastic leukemia</i> ¹	9837/3
• <i>T-lymphoblastic lymphoma</i> ¹	9729/3
• <i>B-lymphoblastic leukemia</i> ¹	9836/3
• <i>B-lymphoblastic lymphoma</i> ¹	9729/3
<i>Myeloid and monocytic leukemias</i> ¹	
Hodgkin lymphoma ¹	

* Morphology code of the International Classification of Diseases for Oncology (ICD-O) {2908} and the Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine (<http://snomed.org>). Behaviour is coded /0 for benign tumours, /3 for malignant tumours, and /1 for borderline or uncertain behaviour.

¹ Extracutaneous lymphomas frequently involving the skin as a secondary site are printed in *italics*.

² Definition is restricted to lymphomas of alpha/ beta T-cell origin

³ Recent evidence suggests an origin from a dendritic cell precursor. In recognition of uncertain histogenesis, the term "CD4+/CD56+ haematodermic neoplasm" is preferred.